

Boost Retiree Happiness with a Daily Drink

Description

In an enlightening study, retirees who indulge in moderate drinking may find some solace against depression. Conducted over 14 years and involving more than 27,500 participants, the research charted the drinking habits and health conditions of individuals transitioning into retirement. Researchers discovered that retirees, as a group, demonstrated a higher incidence of depression in comparison to those still employed. However, a nuanced analysis revealed an intriguing pattern: retirees who consumed alcohol in moderation exhibited fewer depressive symptoms than those who abstained completely or engaged in binge drinking.

Moderate drinking was defined as one to three drinks per day for women and one to four for men, whereas binge drinking was categorized as consuming four or more drinks daily for women, and five or more for men. The researchers posited that moderate alcohol consumption might be associated with reduced depressive symptoms due to its potential to enhance mood through social interactions.

Nevertheless, the authors cautioned against relying on alcohol as a crutch to navigate the challenges of retirement. Dr. Antonia Diaz-Valdes from Universidad Mayor in Chile emphasized, "Alcohol increases the risk of falls, injuries, and dependence, along with accompanying health risks. While the transition into retirement may prove difficult, leaning on alcohol is not a viable solution."

Supporting retirees with alternative coping mechanisms is paramount to dissuade heavy alcohol use. Dr. Christina Seller from Simmons University in Boston highlighted, "Providing alternatives to alcohol consumption is crucial for retirees."

The findings of this research were published in the journal *Aging and Mental Health*. As retirement looms, rather than reaching for the bottle, embracing supportive strategies can be a more prudent path to combat depression. This study opens a window into the complex role that moderate alcohol consumption may play in shaping mental well-being during retirement.

Vocabulary List:

- 1. Solace /'splis/ (noun): Comfort or consolation in a time of distress.
- 2. **Incidence** /'Insidens/ (noun): The occurrence or frequency of a phenomenon.
- 3. Nuanced /'nju:a:nst/ (adjective): Characterized by subtle distinctions or variations.
- 4. Crutch /krʌtʃ/ (noun): A support or aid that may be relied upon.
- 5. **Coping** /'koʊ.pɪŋ/ (verb): Dealing effectively with something difficult.
- 6. **Prudent** /'pru:.dənt/ (adjective): Acting with or showing care and thought for the future.



Comprehension Questions

Multiple Choice

1. What was the main focus of the study mentioned?

Option: Physical health of retirees

Option: Alcohol consumption patterns in retirees Option: Transition challenges of retirement

Option: Mental well-being of retirees

2. How many participants were involved in the research study?

Option: 10,000 Option: 15,000 Option: 20,000 Option: 27,500

3. What was the defined range of moderate drinking for women?

Option: One to two drinks per day Option: One to three drinks per day Option: Two to four drinks per day Option: Three to five drinks per day

4. How was binge drinking categorized for men?

Option: Three or more drinks per day Option: Four or more drinks per day Option: Five or more drinks per day Option: Six or more drinks per day

5. Where was Dr. Antonia Diaz-Valdes affiliated with?

Option: Harvard University

Option: Universidad Mayor in Chile

Option: Oxford University Option: Stanford University

6. Which university was Dr. Christina Seller associated with?

Option: Universidad Mayor in Chile



Option: Simmons University in Boston

Option: Oxford University Option: Harvard University

True-False

- 7. Retirees who consumed alcohol in moderation exhibited more depressive symptoms than those who abstained completely.
- 8. The study cautioned against relying on alcohol as a crutch to navigate retirement challenges.
- 9. Dr. Antonia Diaz-Valdes emphasized the benefits of alcohol consumption for retirees.
- 10. Moderate alcohol consumption was associated with enhanced mood through physical exercise.
- 11. Dr. Christina Seller highlighted the importance of providing alternatives to alcohol consumption for retirees.
- 12. The study was published in the journal Aging and Mental Health.

Gap-Fill

13. The research study involved more than	participants.
14. Moderate drinking was defined as one to	_ drinks per day for men.
15. Dr. Antonia Diaz-Valdes was affiliated with Universidad Mayor in	
16. Dr. Christina Seller was associated with Simmons University in $_$	·
17. The study suggested that relying on alcohol as a	to navigate retirement
challenges is not recommended.	
18. Alternatives to alcohol consumption were considered crucial for retirees according to Dr.	



Answer

Multiple Choice: 1. Alcohol consumption patterns in retirees 2. 27,500 3. One to three drinks per day 4. Five

or more drinks per day 5. Universidad Mayor in Chile 6. Simmons University in Boston

True-False: 7. False 8. True 9. False 10. False 11. True 12. True

Gap-Fill: 13. 27,500 14. four 15. Chile 16. Boston 17. crutch 18. Christina Seller

Answer

CATEGORY

1. Health - LEVEL4

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