

Global Nature Crisis: Invisible Threat to Ecosystems - ScienceAlert

Description

When you go for a walk in nature, you expect to see trees, shrubs, and grass growing naturally. However, there is a problem called "dark diversity" where many native plant species are missing from their suitable habitats due to human activities.

In areas heavily impacted by humans, only about 20% of native plant species are present. Even in less disturbed areas, only 33% of viable plant species can be found. Pollution, habitat conversion for farming, logging, and fires are some of the reasons for the low number of species in the wild.

Our actions, such as farming and urbanization, are leading to a loss of plant species. Nearly 600 plant species have gone extinct since 1750. To better understand this loss, a study was conducted in 119 regions around the world. It was found that areas with less human disturbance had lower biodiversity loss.

Protecting nature is important to prevent further loss of plant species. By identifying missing species, we can work towards bringing them back to their habitats. This study highlights the need to protect and restore our ecosystems.

Vocabulary List:

- 1. **Biodiversity** /,baɪ.oʊ.dɪ'vɜːr.sɪ.ti/ (noun): The variety of plant and animal life in a particular habitat.
- 2. Extinct /Ik'stɪŋkt/ (adjective): The state of a species that no longer exists.

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- 3. **Habitat** /'hæbɪtæt/ (noun): The natural home or environment of an animal plant or other organism.
- 4. **Pollution** /pəˈluːʃən/ (noun): The introduction of contaminants into the natural environment that causes adverse change.
- 5. **Urbanization** /,3:r.bən.ɪˈzeɪ.ʃən/ (noun): The process of making an area more urban or city-like.
- 6. **Ecosystems** /'iː.koʊˌsɪs.təmz/ (noun): A biological community of interacting organisms and their physical environment.

Comprehension Questions

Multiple Choice





1. What is the term used to describe the problem where many native plant species are missing from their suitable habitats due to human activities?

Option: Biodiversity loss Option: Dark diversity Option: Habitat disruption Option: Ecosystem imbalance

2. In areas heavily impacted by humans, approximately what percentage of native plant species are present?

Option: 10% Option: 20% Option: 40% Option: 60%

3. What is one of the reasons mentioned for the low number of plant species in the wild?

Option: Disease outbreak

Option: Pollution

Option: Climate change Option: Insect infestation

4. How many plant species have gone extinct since 1750 due to human activities?

Option: 300 Option: 600 Option: 900 Option: 1200

5. What was the key finding related to biodiversity loss in areas with less human disturbance?

Option: There was no significant difference in biodiversity loss. Option: Biodiversity was higher in areas with human disturbance. Option: Lower human disturbance resulted in lower biodiversity loss.

Option: Biodiversity loss was higher in protected areas.

6. What is highlighted as important to prevent further loss of plant species?

Option: Habitat destruction Option: Human activities Option: Protecting nature

Option: Industrial development



True-False

- 7. Nearly 80% of native plant species can be found in areas heavily impacted by humans.
- 8. Urbanization and farming activities have no impact on the loss of plant species.
- 9. The study conducted in 119 regions showed that areas with higher human disturbance had lower biodiversity loss.
- 10. Identifying missing species is crucial for bringing them back to their habitats.
- 11. There have been no efforts to protect and restore ecosystems highlighted in the study.
- 12. Habitat conversion for farming has not contributed to the loss of plant species.

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Gap-Fill	STEWS.CC			
13. Nearly	plant species have become ext	inct since 1750.		
14. A study conducted in 119 regions aimed to better understand the loss of plant species due to human				
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15. Identifying missing species can h	nelp in	them back to their habitats.		
16. Areas with less human disturbance exhibited lower biodiversity				
17. Protecting nature is crucial to pro	event further loss of plant	·		
18. Habitat	for farming is listed as one of t	the reasons for the low number of plant		
species in the wild.				

Answer

Multiple Choice: 1. Dark diversity 2. 20% 3. Pollution 4. 600 5. Lower human disturbance resulted in lower biodiversity loss. 6. Protecting nature

True-False: 7. False 8. False 9. False 10. True 11. False 12. False

Gap-Fill: 13. 600 14. activities 15. bringing 16. loss 17. species 18. conversion



Vocabulary quizzes

Multiple Choice (Select the Correct answer for each question.)

1. What can cause mutations in DNA and lead to cancer?

Option: Radiation Option: Debris Option: Satellites Option: Ecosystems

2. What can be used to communicate instantly across the globe?

Option: Strokes Option: Technology Option: Promotion

3. Where is biodiversity essential for maintaining balance?

Option: Production
Option: Foot

Option: Ecosystems Option: Risks

Option: Unsafe

4. What leads to habitat destruction and pollution?

Option: Significant Option: Urbanization

Option: Risks Option: Orbits

5. What can render satellites unsafe for operation?

Option: Radiation Option: Debris Option: Collisions **Option: Promising**

6. In what setting are hormonal imbalances often diagnosed and treated?



Option: Clinical
Option: Reaction
Option: Exposure
Option: Analyzing

7. Why is it necessary to be able to detect radiation exposure?

Option: Reaction Option: Detection Option: Orbits

Option: Biodiversity

8. What kind of technology development offers new solutions?

Option: Promising Option: Eager Option: Analyzing Option: Risks

9. Why is it important to analyze the effects of certain exposures on disabilities? NEWS.CC

Option: Disabilities Option: Stroke Option: Instantly Option: Habitat

10. What could happen to species due to habitat loss and urbanization?

Option: Pollution Option: Extinct Option: Biodiversity Option: Technology

Gap-Fill (Fill in the blanks with the correct word from the vocabulary list.)

11. When individuals are	to radiation it can have harmful effects on their health.
12. Proper monitoring of radiation levels is	for ensuring safety in nuclear facilities.
13 data from clinical	studies helps in understanding the impact of certain factors
on health.	
14. Advancements in technology allow us to co	mmunicate with anyone around the



world.					
15. Assessing the potential associated	with a certain activity is crucial for decision-				
making.					
16. Space missions have to consider the risks of collisions with _	in orbit.				
17. Satellites are placed in specific aro	und the Earth to perform their functions.				
18. Managing waste and pollution from industrial	is essential for environmental				
protection.					
19. Certain medical conditions are treated with	therapy to restore balance in the				
body.					
20. Understanding the body's to different stimuli is crucial in medical research.					
Matching Sentences (Match each definition to the correct word from the vocabulary list.)					
21. A stroke can result from a disruption of blood flow to the brain leading to potential brain damage.					
22. Urbanization often results in increased pollution levels impacting the quality of air and water.					
23. Debris orbiting Earth poses a significant risk to satellites in operation potentially causing collisions.					
24. Habitat destruction contributes to the decline in biodiversity affecting various species and ecosystems.					
25. Exposure to certain chemicals or substances can render a workplace unsafe for employees requiring safety measures.					
26. In medical emergencies a quick and appropriate reaction to the situation can significantly impact the outcome.					
27. The destruction of natural habitats due to human activities threatens many species with extinction.					
28. A significant increase in temperature can have far-reaching effects on polar ice caps and global weather patterns.					



29. Scientists and researchers are eager to explore new technologies to address pressing social and environmental issues.

30. Efficient communication is essential in emergency response situations to coordinate actions effectively.

Answer

Multiple Choice: 1. Radiation 2. Technology 3. Ecosystems 4. Urbanization 5. Collisions 6. Clinical 7. Detection 8. Promising 9. Disabilities 10. Extinct

Gap-Fill: 11. Exposed 12. Necessary 13. Analyzing 14. Instantly 15. Risks 16. Debris 17. Orbits 18.

Production 19. Hormonal 20. Reaction

Matching sentence: 1. Stroke 2. Pollution 3. Satellites 4. Biodiversity 5. Unsafe 6. Reaction 7. Habitat

8. Significant 9. Eager 10. Communication

CATEGORY

1. Health - LEVEL2

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