



Starving Could Impact Immune System: Shocking Science Finds

Description

When you feel hungry, your body might change. A study in mice showed that just thinking you're hungry can affect your immune system. This happens even if you haven't skipped a meal. Your brain's idea of hunger can influence how your immune system works.

The study, published in *Science Immunology*, suggests that your brain, not just changes in food levels, can shape your immunity. Special brain cells called AgRP neurons and POMC neurons control feelings of hunger and fullness. When hunger neurons were turned on in well-fed mice, they wanted to eat more.

Surprisingly, this artificial hunger also decreased certain immune cells in the blood. The brain communicates with the liver to control energy levels, affecting immune cells. Hunger signals cause a stress hormone release, amplifying immune changes. The brain might help prepare for food shortages by adjusting energy and immune responses early on.

This research could impact diseases like heart disease, multiple sclerosis, and cancer. It also sheds light on obesity and eating disorders, showing how the brain can influence the immune system.

Vocabulary List:

1. **Immunity** /ɪ'mjuː.nɪ.ti/ (noun): The ability of an organism to resist disease or infection.
2. **Neurons** /'njʊə.rɒnz/ (noun): Specialized cells that transmit nerve impulses; fundamental units of the brain and nervous system.
3. **Amplifying** /'æmplɪfaɪɪŋ/ (verb): Increasing or making something stronger.
4. **Influence** /'ɪnfluəns/ (verb): To have an effect on the development or behavior of someone or something.
5. **Signals** /'sɪgnəlz/ (noun): Things that are used to convey information or instructions.
6. **Disorders** /dɪs'ɔː.dərz/ (noun): Abnormal conditions affecting health often involving significant functional impairment.

Comprehension Questions

Multiple Choice

1. What can affect your immune system even without skipping a meal?



- Option: Thinking about hunger
- Option: Exercising
- Option: Drinking water
- Option: Sleeping

2. Which brain cells control feelings of hunger and fullness?

- Option: AgRP neurons and POMC neurons
- Option: Olfactory neurons
- Option: Motor neurons
- Option: Visual neurons

3. What can hunger signals cause in the body?

- Option: Release of stress hormones
- Option: Improved vision
- Option: Lower heart rate
- Option: Stabilization of blood sugar

4. How does the brain communicate with the liver in terms of energy levels?

- Option: Through hormonal signals
- Option: Direct electrical signals
- Option: Through the spinal cord
- Option: By sending neurotransmitters

5. What is one of the impacts of the research mentioned?

- Option: Impacting heart disease
- Option: Improving eyesight
- Option: Enhancing muscle strength
- Option: Boosting memory

6. What condition does the research shed light on?

- Option: Obesity and eating disorders
- Option: Diabetes and hypertension
- Option: Skin conditions
- Option: Respiratory diseases

True-False

7. Thinking you're hungry has no effect on the immune system.



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8. Hunger neurons being activated in well-fed mice led them to want to eat more.
 9. The brain does not help prepare for food shortages by adjusting energy and immune responses.
 10. This research may not have any impact on diseases like multiple sclerosis.
 11. The brain has no influence on the immune system according to the study.
 12. More studies are not needed to understand the link between the brain and the immune system fully.

Gap-Fill

14. The brain communicates with the _____ to control energy levels, affecting immune cells.
15. More studies are needed to understand the link between the brain and the immune system _____.
17. This research sheds light on how the brain can influence the immune system in cases of obesity and eating _____.
18. When hunger neurons were activated in well-fed mice, they showed an increased desire to _____.

Answer

Multiple Choice: 1. Thinking about hunger 2. AgRP neurons and POMC neurons 3. Release of stress hormones 4. Through hormonal signals 5. Impacting heart disease 6. Obesity and eating disorders

True-False: 7. False 8. True 9. False 10. False 11. False 12. False

Gap-Fill: 14. liver 15. fully 17. disorders 18. eat more

Vocabulary quizzes



Multiple Choice (Select the Correct answer for each question.)

1. Who is involved in conducting advanced studies?
Option: Geologists
Option: Medical professionals
Option: Engineers
Option: Researchers
2. What are the components that make up a particular substance?
Option: Ingredients
Option: Experiences
Option: Textures
Option: Environment
3. What type of cells have the potential to develop into different cell types in the body?
Option: Streaks
Option: Tissue
Option: Protein
Option: Stem cells
4. What are difficulties or obstacles that need to be overcome?
Option: Welfare
Option: Immunity
Option: Challenges
Option: Neurons
5. What is the main ingredient in chocolate production?
Option: Amplifying
Option: Cocoa
Option: Researchers
Option: Disorders
6. What medical condition involves the growth of endometrial-like tissue outside the uterus?
Option: Environment
Option: Endometriosis
Option: Stigma
Option: Disorders
7. Which cells transmit information in the nervous system?
Option: Cracks
Option: Texture
Option: Protein



Option: Neurons

8. What activity involves the systematic investigation to establish facts or principles?

Option: Research

Option: Tissue

Option: Protein

Option: Environment

9. What are small chunks of valuable information or insights?

Option: Influence

Option: Nuggets

Option: Signals

Option: Disorders

10. What is the practice of avoiding extremes?

Option: Amplifying

Option: Moderation

Option: Stigma

Option: Ingredients

Gap-Fill (Fill in the blanks with the correct word from the vocabulary list.)

11. _____ plays a vital role in advancing knowledge and understanding in various fields.

12. People with mental health issues often face social _____.

13. Cells are organized into organs and _____ in the body.

14. Dietary sources of _____ are essential for muscle building and repair.

15. Vaccinations help strengthen the body's _____ against diseases.

16. Human activities can have a significant impact on the _____.

17. Peer pressure can have a powerful _____ on individual decision-making.

18. Genetic mutations can lead to various health _____.

19. _____ in the foundation of a building can indicate structural issues.

20. _____ gained through practical involvement is valuable in many professions.



21. The _____ of a product can determine its quality and appeal.

Matching Sentences (Match each definition to the correct word from the vocabulary list.)

22. Scientists working on cutting-edge technology are often involved in research projects.
23. Some individuals experience discomfort and pain during their cycle.
24. The government introduced programs to ensure the _____ of its citizens.
25. Communication systems rely on the transmission of electronic _____.
26. Using a microphone helps _____ in sound for a large audience to hear.
27. The _____ of a fabric can determine its comfort and usability.
28. Overcoming a difficult obstacle can be seen as a personal _____.
29. Some minerals exhibit unique color under specific lighting conditions.
30. Medical professionals work to diagnose and treat various health _____.
31. The protection of the natural _____ is crucial for biodiversity conservation.

Answer

Multiple Choice: 1. Researchers 2. Ingredients 3. Stem cells 4. Challenges 5. Cocoa 6. Endometriosis 7. Neurons 8. Research 9. Nuggets 10. Moderation

Gap-Fill: 11. Research 12. Stigma 13. Tissue 14. Protein 15. Immunity 16. Environment 17. Influence 18. Disorders 19. Cracks 20. Experience 21. Content

Matching sentence: 1. Advanced 2. Menstrual 3. Welfare 4. Signals 5. Amplifying 6. Texture 7. Challenge 8. Streaks 9. Disorders 10. Environment

CATEGORY

1. Health - LEVEL2

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