

Streamlining Online Profiles for Greater Engagement

Description

In the contemporary digital age, the ascendance of artificial intelligence has instigated a notable shift in public apprehensions regarding online privacy. Individuals like Anita Smith, whose experiences with online vulnerability have been shaped by distressing personal encounters, exemplify the heightened wariness surrounding digital footprints. Following an abusive relationship that culminated in stalking, Ms. Smith took radical measures to obscure her online identity, diminishing the visibility of her presence on platforms from LinkedIn to Facebook.

Emerging research corroborates that a significant portion of the populace harbors trepidations regarding the exploitation of their personal data by corporations. A recent report delineated that approximately 39% of respondents expressed disquiet over data utilization practices, while a quarter acknowledged the deployment of virtual private networks (VPNs) to safeguard their online activities.

Experts such as Vytautas Kaziukonis, CEO of Surfshark, elucidate the chilling ramifications tied to oversharing in an era where artificial intelligence can adeptly mimic individuals using amassed data. Data brokers, proliferating in the online environment, further exacerbate this predicament by commodifying personal information, leaving individuals exposed to potential scams and identity theft.

To mitigate such risks, it is imperative for users to scrutinize the extent of information they disseminate online, ensuring that sensitive details remain confined. Furthermore, leveraging privacy-enhancing measures—such as cookies management, VPN usage, and periodic audits of one's digital presence—can fortify personal security against the myriad threats within the digital landscape. The quest for privacy remains inextricably tied to fostering robust protections through legal and technological frameworks.

Vocabulary List:

- 1. **Ascendance** /əˈsɛndəns/ (noun): An increase or rise in power or influence.
- 2. Apprehensions / eprɪˈhɛnʃənz/ (noun): Anxiety or fear that something bad or unpleasant will happen.
- 3. **Corroborates** /kəˈrɒbəˌreɪts/ (verb): To confirm or give support to a statement theory or finding.
- 4. **Trepidations** / trepideifənz/ (noun): A feeling of fear or agitation about something that may happen.
- 5. **Exacerbate** /ɪgˈzæsərbeɪt/ (verb): To make a problem bad situation or negative feeling worse.
- 6. **Fortify** /'fɔːrtɪfaɪ/ (verb): To strengthen or reinforce.

Comprehension Questions



Multiple Choice

1. What has instigated a notable shift in public apprehensions regarding online privacy in the contemporary digital age?

Option: Rise of social media platforms

Option: Introduction of virtual reality technology Option: Ascendance of artificial intelligence Option: Increased access to smartphones

2. How did Anita Smith respond to her distressing personal encounters in the online realm?

Option: Enhanced her social media presence

Option: Took radical measures to obscure her online identity

Option: Became a public advocate for online privacy

Option: Deleted all her online accounts

3. What percentage of respondents expressed disquiet over data utilization practices according to a recent ESL-NEWS.CON report?

Option: 10% Option: 39% Option: 50% Option: 75%

4. Which privacy-enhancing measure was NOT mentioned in the text?

Option: Cookies management Option: Virtual reality usage

Option: VPN usage

Option: Periodic audits of digital presence

5. Who elucidated the chilling ramifications tied to oversharing in the digital age?

Option: Anita Smith

Option: Vytautas Kaziukonis Option: Mark Zuckerberg

Option: Tim Cook

6. What can fortify personal security in the digital landscape against threats?

Option: Sharing sensitive details openly Option: Reducing privacy measures

Option: Leveraging privacy-enhancing measures



Option: Ignoring digital presence

True-False

- 7. Individuals like Anita Smith exemplify a heightened wariness surrounding digital footprints.
- 8. Approximately 50% of respondents acknowledged VPN usage to safeguard their online activities.
- 9. Data brokers help protect individuals from potential scams and identity theft.
- 10. To mitigate risks, users need to scrutinize the extent of information they share online.
- 11. Legal and technological frameworks play no role in fostering robust protections for privacy.
- 12. Enhanced social media presence is recommended to fortify personal security in the digital landscape.

Gap-Fill

12. Ennanced Social media prese	ence is recommended to fortify	personal security in the digital landscape.
Gap-Fill	% of respondents of	
13. Approximately	% of respondents e	expressed disquiet over data utilization
practices according to a recent r	eport.	
14. Vytautas Kaziukonis is the CE	≣O of	
15. To mitigate risks, users need	to scrutinize the extent of info	rmation they disseminate
16. Privacy-enhancing measures	, such as cookies management	, VPN usage, and periodic audits, can fortify
personal security against the my	riad threats within the	landscape.
17. The quest for privacy remain	s inextricably tied to fostering	robust protections through legal and
framev	works.	
18. A recent report delineated th	nat approximately	% of respondents expressed



disquiet over data utilization practices.

Answer

Multiple Choice: 1. Ascendance of artificial intelligence 2. Took radical measures to obscure her online identity 3. 39% 4. Virtual reality usage 5. Vytautas Kaziukonis 6. Leveraging privacy-enhancing measures

True-False: 7. True 8. False 9. False 10. True 11. False 12. False **Gap-Fill:** 13. 39 14. Surfshark 15. online 16. digital 17. technological

CATEGORY

1. Business - LEVEL6

Date Created 2025/03/12 **Author** aimeeyoung99

