



UK Authorities Require Apple's Encrypted Data Access

Description

The UK government has requested access to encrypted data stored by Apple users worldwide in its cloud service. Currently, only the Apple account holder can access this data, as the tech giant itself cannot view it. The notice was issued by the Home Office under the Investigatory Powers Act. Privacy International has criticized this move as an unprecedented attack on individuals' private data.

This request applies to data stored using Apple's Advanced Data Protection (ADP) feature, which offers additional encryption that Apple cannot bypass. While the government may want access for national security reasons, they would still need to follow a legal process and have valid reasons to access specific accounts.

Apple has vowed to withdraw its services from the UK rather than compromise user security by creating back doors for access. Cybersecurity experts warn that such vulnerabilities could be exploited by malicious actors.

Despite government pressure, Apple has a history of resisting demands to weaken encryption. This issue has sparked debate about the balance between security and privacy. The NSPCC has raised concerns about encryption enabling child abuse, while Apple emphasizes the importance of privacy for its customers. Overall, the implications of this request on individual rights and national security are still under scrutiny.

Vocabulary List:

1. **Encrypted** /ɪnˈkrɪptɪd/ (adjective): Converted into a coded format to prevent unauthorized access.
2. **Compromise** /ˈkɒmprəmaɪz/ (verb): To make a concession or to weaken principles.
3. **Legitimate** /ləˈdʒɪtɪmət/ (adjective): Conforming to the law or rules; valid.
4. **Vulnerabilities** /ˌvʌlnəˈrɪbɪlɪtiz/ (noun): Weaknesses that can be exploited for harm.
5. **Surveillance** /sərˈveɪləns/ (noun): Close observation especially of a suspected spy or criminal.
6. **Debate** /dɪˈbeɪt/ (noun): A formal discussion on a particular topic.

Vocabulary quizzes

Multiple Choice (Select the Correct answer for each question.)

1. What is the probability of an event happening called?

Option: Risk



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- Option: Governance
Option: Association
Option: Consumption
2. What are used to indicate a particular condition or feature?
Option: Vulnerabilities
Option: Markers
Option: Biodegrade
Option: Encrypted
3. What is working jointly with others to achieve a common goal?
Option: Innovation
Option: Agreement
Option: Collaboration
Option: Surveillance
4. What is the introduction of contaminants into the natural environment causing adverse change?
Option: Pollution
Option: Aerosols
Option: Consequences
Option: Sensistive
5. Which substances are used in aerosol cans for spraying?
Option: Ethical
Option: Acceleration
Option: Aerosols
Option: Compromise
6. What kind of consequence is the opposite of gain?
Option: Development
Option: Loss
Option: Resistance
Option: Manipulated
7. In what form can data be secured from unauthorized access?
Option: Encrypted
Option: Synthetic
Option: Celulose
Option: Gelatin
8. What is the refusal to accept or comply with something?
Option: Vulnerabilities
Option: Resistance



Option: Marked

Option: Consumption

9. Which term refers to weaknesses that can be exploited by threats?

Option: Innovation

Option: Vulnerabilities

Option: Surveillance

Option: Debate

10. What is the act of using something up or eating or drinking?

Option: Consumption

Option: Legitimate

Option: Risk

Option: Association

Gap-Fill (Fill in the blanks with the correct word from the vocabulary list.)

11. _____ is the process of growth or advancement.

12. A thorough examination or study of a situation is called _____.

13. The way in which rules norms and actions are structured sustained regulated and held accountable is known as _____.

14. Moral principles that govern a person's behavior or the conducting of an activity is said to be _____.

15. A mutual understanding or arrangement among two or more parties is an _____.

16. The process by which organic substances are broken down by natural organisms is called _____.

17. An agreement or settlement of a dispute that is reached by each side making concessions is a _____.

18. Something that is lawful reasonable or socially acceptable is considered _____.



19. The introduction of new ideas methods or products is referred to as _____ .
20. Having a noticeable distinct or significant characteristic is described as _____ .

Matching Sentences (Match each definition to the correct word from the vocabulary list.)

21. The likelihood of an event resulting in harm danger or loss is known as .
22. The connection or link between two or more things is referred to as .
23. Close observation of a person or group especially one under suspicion is known as .
24. A formal discussion on a particular topic in a public meeting or legislative assembly is called a .
25. The increase in speed or rate of something is called .
26. Easily affected changed or damaged by external conditions feelings or circumstances is described as .
27. The result or effect of an action or condition is known as .
28. The production and discharge of something especially gas or radiation is called .
29. To handle or control in a skillful manner often for dishonest purposes is to .
30. Conforming to accepted standards of conduct or morals is being .

Answer

Multiple Choice: 1. Risk 2. Markers 3. Collaboration 4. Pollution 5. Aerosols 6. Loss 7. Encrypted 8. Resistance 9. Vulnerabilities 10. Consumption

Gap-Fill: 11. Development 12. Investigation 13. Governance 14. Ethical 15. Agreement 16. Biodegrade 17. Compromise 18. Legitimate 19. Innovation 20. Marked

Matching sentence: 1. Risk 2. Association 3. Surveillance 4. Debate 5. Acceleration 6. Sensitive 7. Consequences 8. Emissions 9. Manipulated 10. Ethical

CATEGORY

1. Sci/Tech - LEVEL3

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