



US Router Ban: What You Need to Know

Description

The United States government has enacted a ban on foreign-made consumer Wi-Fi routers due to concerns regarding national security. This decision impacts how users acquire and utilize such devices, drawing significant attention to ongoing debates about cybersecurity and domestic manufacturing.

The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) clarified that existing routers, regardless of their origin, may continue to be used in the United States. Furthermore, consumers are permitted to purchase previously authorized routers. Despite allegations of security vulnerabilities associated with foreign routers, the FCC confirmed no immediate actions are required for consumers currently using these devices.

Government agencies can still use such routers, despite previous investigations into certain manufacturers like TP-Link. The FCC has cited multiple cyberattacks as potential justifications for its decision, including breaches that affected critical infrastructure in the U.S. However, some experts argue that no evidence convincingly demonstrates that foreign-made routers are inherently more vulnerable than domestic products.

The FCC's regulations primarily prevent future foreign routers that have yet to be manufactured from entering the market, unless granted exemptions. This approach raises questions about the efficacy and necessity of the ban, given that no existing devices are being recalled or modified.

In response to the ban, router manufacturers face critical choices. They may choose to withdraw new products from the U.S. market while continuing to sell older models. Alternatively, firms could seek conditional approval to introduce new devices, although this does not enforce enhanced security standards.

Moving forward, the FCC's focus will likely encompass the promotion of U.S. manufacturing. Companies will be required to present plans for domestic production alongside their requests for new product approvals, indicating a significant shift in the landscape of router manufacturing and supply chains in the United States.

Vocabulary List:

1. **enacted** //ɪn'æktɪd// (verb): made into law; officially put into effect
2. **cybersecurity** //ˌsaɪbərseɪ'kjʊərəti// (noun): work to protect computers and internet systems
3. **vulnerabilities** //ˌvʌlnərə'bɪlətɪz// (noun): weak parts that can be attacked or harmed
4. **breaches** //brɪ:tʃɪz// (noun): breaks of security that let attackers in
5. **exemptions** //ɪg'zɛmpʃənz// (noun): official permissions to avoid a rule
6. **domestic** //də'mɛstɪk// (adjective): made or happening inside one country



Comprehension Questions

Multiple Choice

1. What was the reason for the U.S. government's ban on foreign-made consumer Wi-Fi routers?
Option: Economic growth
Option: National security
Option: Environmental concerns
Option: Market competition
2. Which agency clarified that existing routers can continue to be used in the U.S.?
Option: Federal Trade Commission
Option: Federal Communications Commission
Option: Department of Homeland Security
Option: National Security Agency
3. What may router manufacturers choose to do in response to the ban?
Option: Only sell new models
Option: Withdraw new products or seek conditional approval
Option: Stop manufacturing routers
Option: Increase prices on existing models
4. What does the FCC's regulation primarily prevent?
Option: The sale of old routers
Option: The introduction of new foreign routers
Option: The use of existing routers
Option: The import of all Wi-Fi devices
5. What is a significant requirement for companies seeking new product approvals?
Option: International partnerships
Option: Plans for domestic production
Option: Higher pricing strategies
Option: Increased advertising budgets
6. Which manufacturer was mentioned in relation to previous investigations by government agencies?
Option: Linksys



- Option: Netgear
- Option: TP-Link
- Option: D-Link

True-False

- 7. Existing routers can continue to be used in the United States despite the ban.
- 8. The FCC confirmed that immediate actions are required for consumers using foreign-made routers.
- 9. Foreign-made routers are considered more secure than domestic products according to the FCC.
- 10. Router manufacturers are required to seek enhanced security standards for new devices.
- 11. The ban on foreign routers affects how consumers acquire new Wi-Fi devices.
- 12. The FCC's decision was influenced by concerns of economic implications only.

Gap-Fill

- 13. The United States government has enacted a ban on foreign-made consumer Wi-Fi routers due to concerns regarding national security. This decision impacts how users acquire and utilize such devices, drawing significant attention to ongoing discussions about cybersecurity and _____.
- 14. The _____ Communications Commission clarified that existing routers may continue to be used in the United States.
- 15. Experts argue that no evidence convincingly demonstrates that foreign-made routers are inherently more _____ than domestic products.
- 16. The FCC's regulations primarily prevent future foreign routers that have yet to be _____ from entering the market.



17. Moving forward, the FCC's focus will likely encompass the promotion of U.S. _____ .
18. Companies will be required to present plans for _____ production alongside their requests for new product approvals.

Answer

Multiple Choice: 1. National security 2. Federal Communications Commission 3. Withdraw new products or seek conditional approval 4. The introduction of new foreign routers 5. Plans for domestic production 6. TP-Link

True-False: 7. True 8. False 9. False 10. False 11. True 12. False

Gap-Fill: 13. domestic manufacturing 14. Federal 15. vulnerable 16. manufactured 17. manufacturing 18. domestic

Vocabulary quizzes

Multiple Choice (Select the Correct answer for each question.)

1. Which of the following means to hold back from doing something?
Option: Refrained
Option: Sustained
Option: Surged
Option: Absorbed
2. What is the best way to describe the act of maintaining or prolonging something?
Option: Absorb
Option: Neglect
Option: Sustain
Option: Recuse
3. Which term describes someone or something dependent on another?
Option: Surged
Option: Pertinent
Option: Reliable
Option: Reliant
4. What word means critical observation or examination?
Option: Negotiator



- Option: Registration
- Option: Transaction
- Option: Scrutiny

5. What term refers to claims made without proof?

- Option: Exemptions
- Option: Allegations
- Option: Verdicts
- Option: Breaches

6. What term is used for violations of law or agreements?

- Option: Vulnerabilities
- Option: Surged
- Option: Breaches
- Option: Implemented

7. What action is taken to request a higher court to review a decision?

- Option: Verdict
- Option: Allegation
- Option: Neglecting
- Option: Appeal

8. Which term is associated with making laws?

- Option: Legislative
- Option: Addictive
- Option: Reliant
- Option: Sustain

9. What field focuses on protecting computers and networks from attacks?

- Option: Transparency
- Option: Cybersecurity
- Option: Reassign
- Option: Domestic

10. What term is used for the act of conducting business or trade?

- Option: Registration
- Option: Dealership
- Option: Transaction
- Option: Motion

Gap-Fill (Fill in the blanks with the correct word from the vocabulary list.)



11. The new policy was successfully _____ to enhance security measures.
12. The team _____ its efforts to improve customer satisfaction.
13. The manager decided to _____ the employee to a different role for better productivity.
14. The lawyer presented _____ evidence during the trial.
15. Neglecting this issue could lead to serious consequences for the organization.
16. Some video games can be quite _____, causing players to spend hours in front of screens.
17. Certain _____ were made in the new law to accommodate small businesses.
18. The company conducted assessments to identify potential _____ in their system.
19. Sales _____ during the holiday season, resulting in record profits.
20. The firm specializes in _____ trade to boost the local economy.

Matching Sentences (Match each definition to the correct word from the vocabulary list.)

21. The judge had to recuse himself from the case due to a conflict of interest.
22. The organization is committed to maintaining transparency in its financial dealings.
23. The car dealership offered a wide range of vehicles and financing options.
24. The process of verification is essential to ensure the accuracy of the information provided.
25. The board put forth a motion to approve the new budget for the fiscal year.
26. The jurors delivered their verdicts after hours of deliberation in the courtroom.
27. The company was found liable for the damages caused by their product.
28. The neglect of safety protocols led to a serious workplace incident.



29. The new legislative measures were put in place to enhance data protection.

30. Investing in cybersecurity is crucial for protecting sensitive information.

Answer

Multiple Choice: 1. Refrained 2. Sustain 3. Reliant 4. Scrutiny 5. Allegations 6. Breaches 7. Appeal 8. Legislative 9. Cybersecurity 10. Transaction

Gap-Fill: 11. implemented 12. sustained 13. reassign 14. pertinent 15. neglecting 16. addictive 17. exemptions 18. vulnerabilities 19. surged 20. domestic

Matching sentence: 1. recuse 2. transparency 3. dealership 4. verification 5. motion 6. verdicts 7. liable 8. neglect 9. legislative 10. cybersecurity

CATEGORY

1. Business - LEVEL6

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